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## AMENDED CLAIMS

[received by the International Bureau on 04 August 2005 (04.08.2005); new claims 15-17 added; remaining claims unchanged (6 pages)]

## +STATEMENT

What is claimed is:

1. A compound selected from Formula I, an N-oxide or an agriculturally suitable salt thereof,

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wherein

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 $R^1$  is cyclopropyl optionally substituted with 1–5  $R^5$ , isopropyl optionally substituted with 1–5  $R^6$ , or phenyl optionally substituted with 1–3  $R^7$ ;

 $R^2$  is  $((O)_iC(R^{15})(R^{16}))_kR$ ;

R is CO<sub>2</sub>H or a herbicidally effective derivative of CO<sub>2</sub>H;

R<sup>3</sup> is halogen, cyano, nitro, OR<sup>20</sup>, SR<sup>21</sup> or N(R<sup>22</sup>)R<sup>23</sup>;

 $R^4$  is  $-N(R^{24})R^{25}$  or  $-NO_2$ ;

each R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> is independently halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkylthio or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> haloalkylthio;

each R<sup>7</sup> is independently halogen, cyano, nitro, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> halocycloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxyalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkoxyalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkoxyalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkoxyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkynyl, hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkoxy, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkynyloxy, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkynyloxy, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkynyloxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>

 $C_1-C_4 \text{ alkylthio, } C_1-C_4 \text{ haloalkylthio, } C_1-C_4 \text{ alkylsulfinyl, } C_1-C_4 \\ \text{haloalkylsulfinyl, } C_1-C_4 \text{ alkylsulfonyl, } C_1-C_4 \text{ haloalkylsulfonyl, } C_2-C_4 \\ \text{alkenylthio, } C_2-C_4 \text{ haloalkenylthio, } C_2-C_4 \text{ alkenylsulfinyl, } C_2-C_4 \\ \text{haloalkenylsulfinyl, } C_2-C_4 \text{ alkenylsulfonyl, } C_2-C_4 \text{ haloalkenylsulfonyl, } C_3-C_4 \\ \text{haloalkenylsulfinyl, } C_2-C_4 \text{ alkenylsulfonyl, } C_3-C_4 \\ \text{haloalkenylsulfonyl, } C_3-C_4 \\$ 

alkynylthio,  $C_3$ – $C_4$  haloalkynylthio,  $C_3$ – $C_4$  alkynylsulfinyl,  $C_3$ – $C_4$  haloalkynylsulfinyl,  $C_3$ – $C_4$  haloalkynylsulfonyl,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkylamino,  $C_2$ – $C_8$  dialkylamino,  $C_3$ – $C_6$  cycloalkylamino,  $C_4$ – $C_6$  (alkyl)cycloalkylamino,  $C_2$ – $C_6$  alkylcarbonyl,  $C_2$ – $C_6$  alkoxycarbonyl,  $C_2$ – $C_6$ 

alkylaminocarbonyl,  $C_3$ – $C_8$  dialkylaminocarbonyl,  $C_3$ – $C_6$  trialkylsilyl, phenyl, phenoxy and 5- or 6-membered heteroaromatic rings, each phenyl, phenoxy and 5- or 6-membered heteroaromatic ring optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from  $R^{45}$ ; or

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two adjacent R^7 are taken together as -OCH<sub>2</sub>O-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O-, -OCH(CH<sub>3</sub>)O-, -OC(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>O-, -OCF<sub>2</sub>O-, -CF<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>2</sub>O-, -OCF<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>2</sub>O- or -CH=CH-CH=CH-;
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 $R^{15}$  is H, halogen,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  haloalkyl, hydroxy,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkoxy or  $C_2$ – $C_4$  alkylcarbonyloxy;

 $R^{16}$  is H, halogen,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkyl or  $C_1$ – $C_4$  haloalkyl; or

R<sup>15</sup> and R<sup>16</sup> are taken together as an oxygen atom to form, with the carbon atom to which they are attached, a carbonyl moiety;

 $R^{20}$  is H,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkyl or  $C_1$ – $C_3$  haloalkyl;

 $R^{21}$  is H,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkyl or  $C_1$ – $C_3$  haloalkyl;

10 R<sup>22</sup> and R<sup>23</sup> are independently H or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl;

 $R^{24}$  is H,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkyl optionally substituted with 1–2  $R^{30}$ ,  $C_2$ – $C_4$  alkenyl optionally substituted with 1–2  $R^{31}$ , or  $C_2$ – $C_4$  alkynyl optionally substituted with 1–2  $R^{32}$ ; or  $R^{24}$  is  $C(=0)R^{33}$ , nitro,  $OR^{34}$ ,  $S(O)_2R^{35}$ ,  $N(R^{36})R^{37}$  or  $N=C(R^{62})R^{63}$ ;

 $R^{25}$  is H,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkyl optionally substituted with 1–2  $R^{30}$  or  $C(=0)R^{33}$ ; or

15  $R^{24}$  and  $R^{25}$  are taken together as a radical selected from -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>-, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH=CHCH<sub>2</sub>- and -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-, each radical optionally substituted with 1–2  $R^{38}$ ; or

 $R^{24}$  and  $R^{25}$  are taken together as  $=C(R^{39})N(R^{40})R^{41}$  or  $=C(R^{42})OR^{43}$ ;

each  $R^{30}$ ,  $R^{31}$  and  $R^{32}$  is independently halogen,  $C_1$ – $C_3$  alkoxy,  $C_1$ – $C_3$  haloalkoxy,  $C_1$ – $C_3$  alkylthio,  $C_1$ – $C_3$  haloalkylthio, amino,  $C_1$ – $C_3$  alkylamino,  $C_2$ – $C_4$  dialkylamino or  $C_2$ – $C_4$  alkoxycarbonyl;

each  $R^{33}$  is independently H,  $C_1$ – $C_{14}$  alkyl,  $C_1$ – $C_3$  haloalkyl,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkoxy, phenyl, phenoxy or benzyloxy;

 $R^{34}$  is H,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1$ – $C_3$  haloalkyl or CHR<sup>66</sup>C(O)OR<sup>67</sup>;

25  $R^{35}$  is  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_3$  haloalkyl;

 $R^{36}$  is H,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkyl or  $C(=0)R^{64}$ ;

 $R^{37}$  is H or  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkyl;

each  $R^{38}$  is independently halogen,  $C_1$ – $C_3$  alkyl,  $C_1$ – $C_3$  alkoxy,  $C_1$ – $C_3$  haloalkoxy,  $C_1$ – $C_3$  alkylthio,  $C_1$ – $C_3$  haloalkylthio, amino,  $C_1$ – $C_3$  alkylamino,  $C_2$ – $C_4$  dialkylamino or  $C_2$ – $C_4$  alkoxycarbonyl;

 $R^{39}$  is H or  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkyl;

R<sup>40</sup> and R<sup>41</sup> are independently H or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl; or

 $R^{40}$  and  $R^{41}$  are taken together as -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>-, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH=CHCH<sub>2</sub>- or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-;

35  $R^{42}$  is H or  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkyl;

 $R^{43}$  is  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkyl;

each  $R^{45}$  is independently halogen, cyano, nitro,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  haloalkyl,  $C_3$ – $C_6$  cycloalkyl,  $C_3$ – $C_6$  halocycloalkyl,  $C_2$ – $C_4$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ – $C_4$  haloalkenyl,  $C_3$ – $C_4$ 

alkynyl,  $C_3$ – $C_4$  haloalkynyl,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkoxy,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  haloalkoxy,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkylthio,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  haloalkylthio,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkylsulfinyl,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkylsulfonyl,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkylamino,  $C_2$ – $C_8$  dialkylamino,  $C_3$ – $C_6$  cycloalkylamino,  $C_4$ – $C_6$  (alkyl)cycloalkylamino,  $C_2$ – $C_4$  alkylcarbonyl,  $C_2$ – $C_6$  alkoxycarbonyl,  $C_2$ – $C_6$  alkylaminocarbonyl,  $C_3$ – $C_8$  dialkylaminocarbonyl or  $C_3$ – $C_6$  trialkylsilyl;

R<sup>62</sup> is H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl or phenyl optionally substituted with 1-3 R<sup>65</sup>;

 $R^{63}$  is H or  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkyl; or

 $R^{62}$  and  $R^{63}$  are taken together as -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>- or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>-;

 $R^{64}$  is H,  $C_1$ – $C_{14}$  alkyl,  $C_1$ – $C_3$  haloalkyl,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkoxy, phenyl, phenoxy or benzyloxy;

each R<sup>65</sup> is independently CH<sub>3</sub>, Cl or OCH<sub>3</sub>;

 $R^{66}$  is H,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkyl or  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkoxy;

 $R^{67}$  is H,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkyl or benzyl;

j is 0 or 1; and

15 k is 0 or 1;

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provided that:

- (a) when k is 0, then j is 0;
- (b) when R<sup>2</sup> is CH<sub>2</sub>OR<sup>a</sup> wherein R<sup>a</sup> is H, optionally substituted alkyl or benzyl, then R<sup>3</sup> is other than cyano;
- (c) when R<sup>1</sup> is phenyl substituted by Cl in each of the meta positions, the phenyl is also substituted by R<sup>7</sup> in the para position;
  - (d): when R<sup>1</sup> is phenyl substituted by R<sup>7</sup> in the para position, said R<sup>7</sup> is other than *tert*-butyl, cyano or optionally substituted phenyl;
  - (e) when R<sup>1</sup> is cyclopropyl or isopropyl optionally substituted with 1–5 R<sup>6</sup>, then R is other than C(=W)N(R<sup>b</sup>)S(O)<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>c</sup>-R<sup>d</sup> wherein W is O, S, NR<sup>e</sup> or NOR<sup>e</sup>; R<sup>b</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl; R<sup>c</sup> is a direct bond or CHR<sup>f</sup>, O, NR<sup>e</sup> or NOR<sup>e</sup>; R<sup>d</sup> is an optionally substituted heterocyclic or carbocyclic aromatic radical having 5 to 6 ring atoms, the radical being optionally condensed with an aromatic or nonaromatic 5- or 6-membered ring; each R<sup>e</sup> is independently H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> haloalkyl or phenyl; and R<sup>f</sup> is H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkyl or phenyl;
  - (f) the compound of Formula I is other than diethyl 6-amino-5-nitro-2-phenyl-4-pyrimidinemalonate.
  - 2. The compound of Claim 1 wherein
- 35  $R^2$  is  $CO_2R^{12}$ ,  $CH_2OR^{13}$ ,  $CH(OR^{46})(OR^{47})$ , CHO,  $C(=NOR^{14})H$ ,  $C(=NNR^{48}R^{49})H$ ,  $(O)_jC(R^{15})(R^{16})CO_2R^{17}$ ,  $C(=O)N(R^{18})R^{19}$ ,  $C(=S)OR^{50}$ ,  $C(=O)SR^{51}$ ,  $C(=S)SR^{52}$  or  $C(=NR^{53})YR^{54}$ ;

- $R^{12}$  is H, -CH<sub>{</sub>C(O)O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>}, -N=C( $R^{55}$ ) $R^{56}$ ; or a radical selected from  $C_1$ - $C_{14}$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{12}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_4$ - $C_{12}$  alkylcycloalkyl,  $C_4$ - $C_{12}$  cycloalkylalkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{14}$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{14}$  alkynyl and phenyl, each radical optionally substituted with 1-3  $R^{27}$ ; or
- 5 R<sup>12</sup> is a divalent radical linking the carboxylic ester function CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>12</sup> of each of two pyrimidine ring systems of Formula I, the divalent radical selected from -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>- and -CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>-;

 $R^{13}$  is H,  $C_1$ – $C_{10}$  alkyl optionally substituted with 1–3  $R^{28}$ , or benzyl;

R<sup>14</sup> is H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl or benzyl;

10  $R^{17}$  is  $C_1$ – $C_{10}$  alkyl optionally substituted with 1–3  $R^{29}$ , or benzyl;

 $R^{18}$  is H,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkyl, hydroxy,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkoxy or  $S(O)_2R^{57}$ ;

R<sup>19</sup> is H or C<sub>1</sub>–C<sub>4</sub> alkyl;

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- each  $R^{27}$  is independently halogen, cyano, hydroxycarbonyl,  $C_2$ – $C_4$  alkoxycarbonyl, hydroxy,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkoxy,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  haloalkoxy,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkylthio,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  haloalkylthio, amino,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkylamino,  $C_2$ – $C_4$  dialkylamino, -CH{O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>} or phenyl optionally substituted with 1–3  $R^{44}$ ; or
- two  $\mathbb{R}^{27}$  are taken together as -OC(O)O- or  $-O(\mathbb{C}(\mathbb{R}^{58})(\mathbb{R}^{58}))_{1-2}O$ -; or
- two R<sup>27</sup> are taken together as an oxygen atom to form, with the carbon atom to which they are attached, a carbonyl moiety;
- 20 each  $R^{28}$  is independently halogen,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkoxy,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  haloalkoxy,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkylthio,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  haloalkylthio, amino,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkylamino or  $C_2$ – $C_4$  dialkylamino; or
  - two  $R^{28}$  are taken together as an oxygen atom to form, with the carbon atom to which they are attached, a carbonyl moiety;
  - each  $R^{29}$  is independently halogen,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkoxy,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  haloalkoxy,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkylthio,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  haloalkylthio, amino,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkylamino or  $C_2$ – $C_4$  dialkylamino;
    - each  $R^{44}$  is independently halogen,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1$ – $C_3$  haloalkyl, hydroxy,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkoxy,  $C_1$ – $C_3$  haloalkoxy,  $C_1$ – $C_3$  alkylthio,  $C_1$ – $C_3$  haloalkylthio, amino,  $C_1$ – $C_3$  alkylamino,  $C_2$ – $C_4$  dialkylamino or nitro;
    - $R^{46}$  and  $R^{47}$  are independently  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkyl or  $C_1$ – $C_3$  haloalkyl; or
    - R<sup>46</sup> and R<sup>47</sup> are taken together as -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)- or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-;
    - $R^{48}$  is H,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  haloalkyl,  $C_2$ – $C_4$  alkylcarbonyl,  $C_2$ – $C_4$  alkoxycarbonyl or benzyl;
- 35  $R^{49}$  is H,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkyl or  $C_1$ – $C_4$  haloalkyl;

 $R^{50}$ ,  $R^{51}$  and  $R^{52}$  are H; or a radical selected from  $C_1$ – $C_{14}$  alkyl,  $C_3$ – $C_{12}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_4$ – $C_{12}$  alkylcycloalkyl,  $C_4$ – $C_{12}$  cycloalkylalkyl,  $C_2$ – $C_{14}$  alkenyl and  $C_2$ – $C_{14}$  alkynyl, each radical optionally substituted with 1–3  $R^{27}$ ;

Y is O, S or  $NR^{61}$ ;

- R<sup>53</sup> is H, C<sub>1</sub>–C<sub>3</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>–C<sub>3</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>–C<sub>4</sub> alkoxyalkyl, OH or C<sub>1</sub>–C<sub>3</sub> alkoxy; R<sup>54</sup> is C<sub>1</sub>–C<sub>3</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>–C<sub>3</sub> haloalkyl or C<sub>2</sub>–C<sub>4</sub> alkoxyalkyl; or R<sup>53</sup> and R<sup>54</sup> are taken together as -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)- or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-; R<sup>55</sup> and R<sup>56</sup> are independently C<sub>1</sub>–C<sub>4</sub> alkyl; R<sup>57</sup> is C<sub>1</sub>–C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>–C<sub>3</sub> haloalkyl or NR<sup>59</sup>R<sup>60</sup>;
- each  $R^{58}$  is independently selected from H and  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkyl;  $R^{59}$  and  $R^{60}$  are independently H or  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkyl;  $R^{61}$  is H,  $C_1$ – $C_3$  alkyl,  $C_1$ – $C_3$  haloalkyl or  $C_2$ – $C_4$  alkoxyalkyl; m is an integer from 2 to 3; and

n is an integer from 1 to 4.

- 15 3. The compound of Claim 2 wherein R<sup>3</sup> is halogen.
  - 4. The compound of Claim 2 wherein  $R^1$  is cyclopropyl or phenyl substituted with a halogen, methyl or methoxy radical in the para position and optionally with 1-2 radicals selected from halogen and methyl in other positions; and  $R^4$  is  $-N(R^{24})R^{25}$ .
- 5. The compound of Claim 4 wherein R<sup>2</sup> is CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>12</sup>, CH<sub>2</sub>OR<sup>13</sup>, CHO or CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>.
  - 6. The compound of Claim 5 wherein  $R^{24}$  is H,  $C(O)R^{33}$  or  $C_1-C_4$  alkyl optionally substituted with  $R^{30}$ ;  $R^{25}$  is H or  $C_1-C_2$  alkyl; or  $R^{24}$  and  $R^{25}$  are taken together as  $=C(R^{39})N(R^{40})R^{41}$ .
    - 7. The compound of Claim 6 wherein  $R^2$  is  $CO_2R^{12}$ ; and  $R^{24}$  and  $R^{25}$  are H.
- 25 8. The compound of Claim 7 wherein  $R^{12}$  is H,  $C_1$ – $C_4$  alkyl or benzyl.
- 9. The compound of Claim 1 selected from the group consisting of:
  methyl 6-amino-5-bromo-2-cyclopropyl-4-pyrimidinecarboxylate,
  ethyl 6-amino-5-bromo-2-cyclopropyl-4-pyrimidinecarboxylate,
  phenylmethyl 6-amino-5-bromo-2-cyclopropyl-4-pyrimidinecarboxylate,
  6-amino-5-bromo-2-cyclopropyl-4-pyrimidinecarboxylate,
  methyl 6-amino-5-chloro-2-cyclopropyl-4-pyrimidinecarboxylate,
  phenylmethyl 6-amino-5-chloro-2-cyclopropyl-4-pyrimidinecarboxylate,
  6-amino-5-chloro-2-cyclopropyl-4-pyrimidinecarboxylate,
  methyl 6-amino-5-chloro-2-cyclopropyl-4-pyrimidinecarboxylate,
  sethyl 6-amino-5-chloro-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-pyrimidinecarboxylate,
  ethyl 6-amino-5-chloro-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-pyrimidinecarboxylate,

- 6-amino-5-chloro-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-pyrimidinecarboxylic acid, ethyl 6-amino-2-(4-bromophenyl)-5-chloro-4-pyrimidinecarboxylate, methyl 6-amino-2-(4-bromophenyl)-5-chloro-4-pyrimidinecarboxylate, and 6-amino-2-(4-bromophenyl)-5-chloro-4-pyrimidinecarboxylic acid.
- 5 10. A herbicidal mixture comprising a herbicidally effective amount of a compound of Claim 1 and an effective amount of at least one additional active ingredient selected from the group consisting of an other herbicide and a herbicide safener.
  - 11. A herbicidal mixture comprising synergistically effective amounts of a compound of Claim 1 and an auxin transport inhibitor.

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- 12. A herbicidal composition comprising a herbicidally effective amount of a compound of Claim 1 and at least one of a surfactant, a solid diluent or a liquid diluent.
  - 13. A method for controlling the growth of undesired vegetation comprising contacting the vegetation or its environment with a herbicidally effective amount of a compound of Claim 1.
  - 14. A herbicidal composition comprising a herbicidally effective amount of a compound of Claim 1, an effective amount of at least one additional active ingredient selected from the group consisting of an other herbicide and a herbicide safener, and at least one of a surfactant, a solid diluent or a liquid diluent.
- 15. A compound which is 2-cyclopropyl-1,6-dihydro-6-oxo-4-pyrimidinecarboxylic acid.
  - 16. A compound which is 5-chloro-2-cyclopropyl-1,6-dihydro-6-oxo-4-pyrimidine-carboxylic acid.
    - 17. A compound which is 5,6-dichloro-2-cyclopropyl-4-pyrimidinecarboxylic acid